

Division: Pharmacy Policy	Subject: State of Florida's Agency for Health Care Administration's
	Prior Authorization Criteria
Original Development Date:	June 18, 2012
Original Effective Date:	
Revision Date:	June 23, 2014; November 23, 2015; December 29, 2015; July 25, 2016;
	January 11, 2017; March 29, 2017; November 27, 2018; September 8, 2021;
	April 22, 2022

XOLAIR® (omalizumab)

LENGTH OF AUTHORIZATION:

Allergic asthma and nasal polyps: One year Chronic idiopathic urticaria: Up to One year

INITIAL REVIEW CRITERIA:

Allergic Asthma

- 1. Verified diagnosis of asthma (progress notes or diagnosis codes) AND
- 2. Age \geq 6 years old **AND**
- 3. Patient must have a positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen AND
- 4. Patient must have a serum immunoglobulin E (IgE) level greater than or equal to 30 IU/mL **AND**
- 5. Patient has ongoing symptoms of asthma with a minimum three-month trial of an inhaled corticosteroid plus a Long-Acting Beta Agonist (LABA) combination therapy.

Nasal Polyps

- 1. Verified diagnosis of bilateral nasal polyps (progress notes or diagnosis codes) AND
- 2. Age \geq 18 years old **AND**
- 3. Xolair is being prescribed as add-on maintenance treatment of nasal polyps and patient will continue nasal corticosteroid **AND**
- 4. Patient must have a serum immunoglobulin E (IgE) level greater than or equal to 30 IU/mL AND
- 5. Patient has ongoing symptoms of nasal polyps with a minimum three-month trial of nasal corticosteroids.

Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria

- 1. Age \geq 12 years old **AND**
- 2. Patient has urticaria persisting for more than 6 weeks duration and the underlying cause of the patient's condition has been examined and has been found to not be any other allergic condition(s) **AND**
- 3. Trial and failure of a first or second generation antihistamine alone or in combination with a H₂ antagonist **AND**
- 4. Trial and failure of with a leukotriene receptor antagonist in combination with a first or second generation antihistamine.

CONTINUATION OF THERAPY:

Allergic Asthma

- 1. Initial approval criteria for Xolair therapy was met at the time of initiation of therapy AND
- 2. Treatment with Xolair has resulted in clinical improvement as documented by
 - One or more of the following:



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- a. Decreased utilization of rescue medications; or
- b. Decreased frequency of exacerbations (defined as worsening of asthma that requires increase in inhaled corticosteroid dose or treatment with systemic corticosteroids); **or**
- c. Reduction in reported asthma-related symptoms, such as, but not limited to, wheezing, shortness of breath, coughing, fatigue, sleep disturbance, or asthmatic symptoms upon awakening.
- 3. Continued use of inhaled corticosteroid plus a LABA combination while on Xolair therapy for asthma is documented **AND**
- 4. Patients should periodically be reassessed for the need to continue therapy based on the disease severity and/or the level of asthma control.

Nasal Polyps

- 1. Initial approval criteria for Xolair therapy was met at the time of initiation of therapy AND
- Treatment with Xolair has resulted in clinical improvement as documented by improvement in nasal polyps and nasal congestion symptoms AND
- 3. Continued use of nasal corticosteroid while on Xolair therapy for nasal polyps is documented AND
- 4. Patients should periodically be reassessed for the need to continue therapy based on the disease severity and/or the level of symptom control.

Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria

1. Treatment with Xolair has resulted in documented clinical improvement.

DOSING AND ADMINISTRATION:

- Refer to product labeling at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/daf/
- Available as: 75 mg/0.5 mL and 150 mg/mL solution in a single-dose prefilled syringe and 150 mg lyophilized powder in a single-dose vial for reconstitution